#### IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 2-4, 6, and 8-13 and cancel claim 1, as follows:

(CANCELED) A method for brazing, comprising:

applying an alternating current across a work piece, said work piece having a discontinuity, to resistively heat a pre-placed filler metal to a temperature sufficient to melt said pre-placed filler metal, said pre-placed filler metal situated near said discontinuity such that said melted pre-placed filler metal is drawn into said discontinuity;

maintaining application of said alternating current for a set residence time; and

altering said application of said alternating current to achieve solidification of said filler metal.

- (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said alternating current is applied in series across said work piece.
- (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said work piece comprises a material selected from a metal and a ceramic.
- 4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said work piece comprises a material selected from nickel, a nickel alloy, titanium, a titanium alloy, iron, a ferrous alloy (carbon, stainless steels, and cast iron), a refractory metal alloy, copper, a copper alloy, aluminum, an aluminum alloy, a ceramic, and an intermetallic compound.
- (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 4 wherein said ferrous alloy is selected from

   a stainless steel alloy, a cast-iron alloy, and a carbon-ferrous alloy.

- 6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said filler metal comprises at least one material selected from copper, gold, nickel, aluminum, cobalt, and palladium.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 6 wherein said filler metal is a copper-silver alloy
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim  $4 \, \underline{9}$  wherein said discontinuity has a maximum dimension across said discontinuity of 500  $\mu$ m.

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for brazing, comprising:
applying an alternating current across a work piece, said work piece
having a discontinuity, to resistively heat a pre-placed filler metal to a
temperature sufficient to melt said pre-placed filler metal, said pre-placed filler
metal situated near said discontinuity such that said melted pre-placed filler
metal is drawn into said discontinuity:
maintaining application of said alternating current for a set residence
time. The method of claim 1 wherein said residence time is less than 10
seconds; and
altering said application of said alternating current to achieve
solidifi <u>cation of said filler metal</u> .

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said residence time is less than 3 seconds.

- 11.(CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said alternating current is applied across said work piece by attaching clamps to said work piece, said clamps attached to an electrical current source.
- 12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said alternating current is applied at a current of less than 5000 amperes and a voltage less than 5 volts.
- 13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 4 9 wherein said alternating current is altered by reducing said current to less than 5000 amperes to achieve solidification of said filler metal.
- 14. (ORIGINAL) A method for brazing, comprising:

applying an alternating current of greater than 1000 amperes across a nickel work piece, sald work piece having a discontinuity, to resistively heat a pre-placed copper filler metal to a temperature of greater than 1085°C to melt said pre-placed copper filler metal, said pre-placed copper filler metal, said pre-placed copper filler metal situated near said discontinuity such that said melted pre-placed filler metal is drawn into said discontinuity;

maintaining application of said alternating current for a residence time greater than 0.5 minutes and less than 10 minutes; and reducing the amperage of said alternating current to achieve solidification of said filler metal.

#### Remarks

The following remarks are provided in further support of the Claims.

### Rejections

Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

Claims 1-8 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heitman et al. (US 5,102,031).

## **Objections**

Claims 9-10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 14 is allowed.

# I. DISCUSSION (Rejection Under 35 USC 103(a), Heitman) and Objections/Allowance

The Office states that claims 9-10 are objected to but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claim 9 has been rewritten to include all of the limitations of the base claim. Claim 1 has been canceled. Claims 2-8 and 10-13 now depend on the allowable claim 9 or intervening dependent claims.

## CONCLUSION

Applicants have responded to each and every rejection raised by the Office and, in concurrence with the Office, consider that claims 1-14 are now in condition for allowance. Applicants request expeditious processing to issuance.

Respectfully submitted,

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